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                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                      EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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       UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
                                         20-CR-00067(ERK)
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 4
                                         United States Courthouse
             -against-
                                         Brooklyn, New York
 5
6
                                         March 12, 2020
                                         2:00 p.m.
7
       SERGEY DENISOFF,
8
               Defendant.
9
               TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR PLEADING
                  BEFORE THE HONORABLE ERIC R. KOMITEE
10
                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
11
                          APPEARANCES:
12
    For the Government:
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                              Eastern District of New York
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    Proceedings recorded by computerized stenography. Transcript
    produced by Computer-aided Transcription.
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2 1 (In open court.) 2 THE COURT: Good afternoon, everybody. Have a seat, 3 please. 4 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Criminal cause for pleading. USA versus Sergey Denisoff, docket number 20-CR-67. 5 Would you all please state your appearances for the 6 7 record starting with the Government. 8 MR. KEILTY: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 9 Mike Keilty and Alexander Mindlin for the Government. 10 THE COURT: 11 Good afternoon. 12 MR. GOLDSOBEL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 13 Steve Goldsobel on behalf of Mr. Denisoff who is 14 present. 15 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 16 And good afternoon. 17 Okay. Let me just log in here. 18 So, Mr. Goldsobel, I understand that we are here 19 because your client wishes to waive indictment and enter a 20 plea of guilty to an information. That's correct, Your Honor. 21 MR. GOLDSOBEL: 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 Mr. Denisoff, your attorney advises me that you wish 24 to waive indictment and plead guilty to the information, which 25 is a different kind of charging document in which you are

3 1 charged in this matter pursuant to an agreement with the 2 Government. 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 4 THE COURT: Is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: That's correct. 5 So this is a serious decision, and I 6 THE COURT: 7 must be certain that you make it fully understanding your 8 rights and the consequences of your plea. I'm going to 9 explain to you the rights that you will be giving up by 10 waiving indictment and pleading guilty; and, in addition, 11 before I accept your guilty plea, there are a number of 12 questions I must ask you to establish that this is a valid 13 quilty plea. 14 You guys can be seated. 15 If you don't understand any of my questions today, 16 please say so, and I will reword the question. It's important 17 that you understand everything that happens here today. 18 If you want to consult with your attorney at any 19 time for any reason, please let me know that, and I will give 20 you as much time as you need to do so. 21 I need you to answer the questions today under oath, 22 so would the clerk, please, swear the defendant. 23 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Would you rise? Raise your 24 right hand. 25 (Defendant sworn.)

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4
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              I do.
1
 2
              THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: You may be seated.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So do you understand
 4
    that you are now under oath and that if you answer any of my
    questions falsely, your answers could later be used against
5
    you in another prosecution for perjury or making a false
6
7
    statement?
8
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              I do.
9
              THE COURT: What is your full name?
10
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Sergey Denisoff.
11
              THE COURT: Do you want to spell that for the court
12
    reporter?
13
              THE DEFENDANT: S-E-R-G-E-Y, last name, D, as in
    "dog," E-N-I-S-O, double F, as in "Frank."
14
15
              THE COURT: Okay. How old are you?
16
              THE DEFENDANT: Thirty-three.
17
                          Okay. How far did you get in school?
              THE COURT:
18
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Master's degree, sir.
19
              THE COURT:
                          In what?
              THE DEFENDANT: Business administration.
20
21
              THE COURT: Okay. I can tell just from the
22
    interactions we've had so far that you are clearly able to
23
    speak and understand English; right?
24
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
25
              THE COURT: And you've been able to communicate --
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5 1 or have you, I should say, been able to communicate with your 2 attorney effectively? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Goldsobel, have you been able to communicate effectively with your client? 5 MR. GOLDSOBEL: Yes, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: These are standard questions. As you can see, I'm making sure I don't miss anything, so I'm reading 8 9 off a pretty formal script here. I have to ask you some 10 questions today that are, in some cases, personal questions, but the point of them is to establish and make a record of the 11 12 fact that you understand clearly what's happening here today; 13 okay? 14 So have you ever been treated or hospitalized for mental illness? 15 16 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. THE COURT: Are you currently or have you recently 17 18 been under the care of a doctor or psychiatrist for any 19 reason? 20 THE DEFENDANT: No. 21 THE COURT: Have you been treated or hospitalized 22 for addiction, including drug or alcohol addiction? 23 THE DEFENDANT: No. 24 THE COURT: Have you taken any drugs, medicine, 25 pills, or alcoholic beverages in the last two days?

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6
1
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              No, sir.
 2
              THE COURT: Is there any medication that you believe
 3
    you should be taking that you are not taking?
 4
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              No.
              THE COURT: Okay. Is your mind clear as you sit
 5
    here today?
6
7
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is.
8
              THE COURT: And do you understand what's happening?
9
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               I do.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Goldsobel, have you discussed
    this matter with your client?
11
12
              MR. GOLDSOBEL:
                              I have.
13
              THE COURT: You believe he understands the rights
14
    that he would be waiving by pleading guilty?
15
              MR. GOLDSOBEL: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: And is he capable of understanding the
16
17
    nature of these proceedings?
18
              MR. GOLDSOBEL: He is.
19
              THE COURT: Do you have any doubt as to
    Mr. Denisoff's competence to plead at this time?
20
21
              MR. GOLDSOBEL:
                               I don't.
22
              THE COURT: And have you advised him of the maximum
23
    and minimum sentence and fine that can imposed in this case.
24
              MR. GOLDSOBEL: Yes, Your Honor.
25
                          Have you discussed with him the effect
              THE COURT:
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7 of the sentencing guidelines? 1 2 MR. GOLDSOBEL: I have. 3 THE COURT: Okay. 4 Mr. Denisoff, have you been given a copy of the information -- that's the charging document -- pending against 5 6 you? 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: And have you fully discussed both the 9 wire fraud conspiracy charge and the forfeiture allegations, 10 as well as the case in general with your attorney? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 In paragraph 1 of the information, THE COURT: 13 you're charged with conspiring to commit wire fraud in 14 violation of 18 U.S. Code, Section 1349. 15 The elements of this crime -- when I say "the 16 elements of this crime," I mean the things the Government 17 would have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt if you were to 18 go to trial -- the elements in this case are, number one, that 19 a conspiracy to commit wire fraud existed; and, number two, 20 that you knowingly and intentionally became a member of that 21 conspiracy. 22 And when I say a "conspiracy," what that means is 23 simply a combination or agreement of two or more persons to 24 join together to accomplish some unlawful purpose. When I say 25 a "conspiracy to commit wire fraud," that means a conspiracy

8 to orchestrate a scheme to defraud to get money or property 1 2 that was furthered by the use of the interstate wires. 3 Do you understand all that? 4 THE DEFENDANT: I do. THE COURT: In the forfeiture allegation, the 5 Government states that it intends to seek forfeiture of 6 7 property that you derived -- you got -- from your alleged 8 participation in the conspiracy to commit wire fraud. 9 Forfeitable property would be any property -- real or 10 personal -- that constitutes or is derived from proceeds that you obtained directly or indirectly as a result of your 11 12 participation in the alleged conspiracy to commit wire fraud. 13 The forfeiture allegations also state that the Government intends to seek forfeiture of substitute property 14 15 up to the amount -- the same amount in value of the property I 16 just described; and to require forfeiture of substitute 17 property, the Government would have to show that it is 18 unable -- for some reason -- to locate, identify, or exercise 19 jurisdiction over the actual proceeds that you derived from 20 the conspiracy, and that the substitute property is equivalent 21 in value to those proceeds. 22 Do you understand that? 23 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 24 THE COURT: Have you had sufficient time to discuss with your attorney or not whether to plead guilty in this 25

case?

THE DEFENDANT: I've had sufficient time.

THE COURT: And are you fully satisfied with the counsel, representation, and advice given to you in this case by your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And so I'm now going to explain to you certain rights that you will be giving up if you waive the indictment.

Instead of the charges in this case being brought by an indictment, the charges here are being brought against you by what is called an information from the US Attorney. The difference is, you have a constitutional right, under the US Constitution, not to be charged with a serious crime like you are here today unless a grand jury returns an indictment against you, but you can waive that right only to be charged by indictment by a grand jury and instead consent to being charged by an information that's simply filed by the US Attorney.

If you didn't waive indictment, the Government would have to present the case against you to the grand jury and ask it to indict you in order for you to be charged. A grand jury is composed of at least 16, and not more than 23, persons; and at least 12 grand jurors out of that number must find that there is probable cause to believe that you committed the

10 crime with which you are charged before you might be indicted. 1 2 The grand jury might or might not indict you; but if you waive 3 indictment by the grand jury, the case will proceed against 4 you on the US Attorney's information just as though you had been indicted. 5 Mr. Denisoff, do you understand your right to 6 7 indictment by a grand jury? 8 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 9 THE COURT: And are you willing to waive that right? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 11 THE COURT: Have you discussed this decision with your attorney? 12 13 THE DEFENDANT: I have. 14 THE COURT: Have any threats or promises been made to induce you to waive your right to indictment? 15 16 THE DEFENDANT: No. 17 THE COURT: Are you waiving your right to indictment 18 voluntarily and of your own free will? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am. 20 THE COURT: And, Mr. Goldsobel, are you aware of any 21 reason that the defendant should not waive indictment? 22 MR. GOLDSOBEL: I'm not. 23 THE COURT: Okay. So, Mr. Denisoff, I'm going to 24 ask you to sign the waiver form in court. 25 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: It's on here. I believe he

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11
    signed it.
1
 2
              THE COURT: All right. So can we mark that?
 3
              THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: You have to sign it now.
 4
              So, Mr. Denisoff, I have been presented with a
    document that's entitled, Waiver of an Indictment.
5
              Is this your signature on this document?
6
 7
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is.
8
              THE COURT: Let me hand that to you.
9
              THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Thank you.
10
              THE COURT:
                          The Court finds that the defendant's
11
    Waiver of Indictment is knowingly and voluntarily made, and I
12
    accept the waiver in this case.
13
              Mr. Denisoff, have you reviewed the information?
14
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
              THE COURT: Have you had time to discuss it with
15
    your attorney?
16
17
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: Would you like me to read the
19
    information, or do you waive a reading in court?
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              THE DEFENDANT: I'll waive the reading.
21
              THE COURT: Have you had sufficient time to discuss
22
    with your attorney whether or not to plead guilty?
23
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
24
              THE COURT: Mr. Goldsobel, I understand that your
    client wishes to plead guilty to the sole charge in the
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12 information pursuant to a plea agreement. 1 2 And, Mr. Denisoff, your attorney advises me that you 3 wish to plead guilty to the information in which you are 4 charged and that you are doing so pursuant to a plea 5 agreement. Mr. Denisoff, I'm going to now explain certain 6 7 additional rights that you will be giving up if you enter a 8 plea of guilty. 9 So, first, you have a right to plead not guilty; no 10 one can be forced to plead guilty. Do you understand that? 11 12 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 13 THE COURT: If you plead not guilty, you would have 14 the right under the Constitution and laws of the United States to a speedy and public trial by a jury. 15 16 Do you understand? 17 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 18 THE COURT: At trial, you would be presumed to be 19 innocent, and the Government would have to prove you guilty 20 beyond a reasonable doubt. 21 Do you understand that? 22 I do, Your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 23 THE COURT: You would have the right to the 24 assistance of counsel to your defense. Mr. Goldsobel would

represent you at trial and every other stage of the

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13 1 proceeding. 2 Do you understand? 3 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 4 THE COURT: You would have the right to see and hear all witnesses and have them cross-examined in your defense. 5 Do you understand that? 6 7 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 8 THE COURT: You would have the right to remain 9 silent; that is, the right not to testify unless you 10 voluntarily chose to do so in your own defense. Do you understand that? 11 12 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 13 THE COURT: Should you decide not to testify or not to put on any evidence at trial, those facts -- the fact that 14 you chose to remain silent -- could not be used against you 15 16 because the Government has the burden of proof. 17 Do you understand that? 18 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 19 THE COURT: You would have the right to compel the attendance of witnesses to testify on your behalf. 20 21 Do you understand that? 22 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 23 THE COURT: And by entering a plea of guilty, and if 24 I accept your plea today, there will be no trial and you will 25 have waived or given up your right to a trial as well as all

14 of the rights associated with a trial that I've just 1 2 described. 3 Do you understand that? 4 THE DEFENDANT: I do. THE COURT: If you plead, there will be no right to 5 appeal from the judgment of guilt. I will simply enter a 6 7 judgment of guilty on the basis of your guilty plea, and the 8 Government will be freed of any responsibility to prove your 9 guilt. 10 Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: I do. 11 12 THE COURT: If you plead guilty, I will have to ask 13 you questions about what you did in order to satisfy myself 14 that you are guilty of the charge to which you seek to plead guilty, and you will have to answer my questions -- you will 15 16 be waiving your Fifth Amendment right to remain silent -- and you will have to answer my questions and acknowledge your 17 18 guilt; thus you will be giving up your right not to 19 incriminate yourself. 20 Do you understand that? 21 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 22 THE COURT: Mr. Denisoff, do you understand each and 23 every one of the rights I have explained to you? 24 THE DEFENDANT: I do. THE COURT: Are you willing to give up your right to 25

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15
1
    trial and all of those other rights I have just explained?
 2
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes. sir.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay. I understand you are pleading
 4
    guilty pursuant to an agreement with the Government, and I've
    marked as Court Exhibit 1 your agreement with the Government
5
    pursuant to which you are pleading guilty.
6
7
              Did you sign it?
8
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              I have.
9
              THE COURT: And is this your signature on the last
10
    page?
11
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes, it is.
12
              THE COURT: Did you have an opportunity to read and
13
    discuss the agreement with your attorney before you signed it?
14
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, Your Honor.
15
              THE COURT: Did you have sufficient time to review
16
    it with your attorney?
17
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes.
18
              THE COURT: Did you understand it?
19
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes.
20
              THE COURT: Mr. Goldsobel, did you have sufficient
21
    time to review the plea agreement with your client?
22
              MR. GOLDSOBEL: Yes, Your Honor.
23
              THE COURT: Do you have any questions about the
24
    agreement for the Court, Mr. Denisoff?
25
              THE DEFENDANT: I do not.
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16 1 THE COURT: Does the agreement represent your entire 2 understanding with the Government? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it does. 4 THE COURT: Has anybody made any promise or assurance that is not in the agreement to persuade you to 5 accept this agreement? 6 7 THE DEFENDANT: No. sir. 8 THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you in any way to 9 persuade you to accept this agreement? 10 THE DEFENDANT: No. 11 THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty of your own free 12 will because you are, in fact, guilty? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am. 14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 Mr. Goldsobel, were all formal plea offers from the 16 Government in this case conveyed to Mr. Denisoff? 17 MR. GOLDSOBEL: Yes. 18 THE COURT: Okay. So I've already discussed the 19 charge and the forfeiture allegations against you. I am now 20 going to tell you about some of the possible penalties for 21 this crime. 22 So, first, under the statute that you have been 23 charged, the maximum term of imprisonment for this crime is 24 20 years; there is no mandatory minimum. 25 Do you understand that?

17 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 1 2 THE COURT: Any term of imprisonment might be 3 followed by a term of supervised release, the maximum 4 supervised release term being three years. 5 Supervised release is important. It refers to the period of time when you will be subject to supervision by the 6 7 Probation Department after completing any term of 8 imprisonment. You will have to follow rules of supervised 9 release, and if you violate those rules, you can be sent back 10 to prison without a jury trial to serve an additional term of 11 up to two years without any credit for the time you previously 12 served in prison as a result of your sentence and without any 13 credit for the time you spent on post-release supervision. 14 Do you understand that? 15 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 16 THE COURT: You also face a maximum possible fine of 17 \$250,000 or twice the gross pecuniary gain derived from the 18 offense -- and when I say "gross pecuniary gain," I mean the 19 amount of money that the conspirators made in this case -- or 20 twice the gross pecuniary loss to persons other than yourself, 21 whichever is greater. 22 In addition, I must order you to pay a mandatory 23 special assessment of \$100. 24 Can I ask the Government about restitution here?

MR. KEILTY: Yes, Your Honor. There are victims in

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18 this case, Your Honor. The victims are aware and have been 1 2 notified. We don't have an amount at this point. 3 THE COURT: Okay. So the Government is saying there 4 are victims in this case; those victims have had monetary That means there will be a restitution order. 5 Restitution is mandatory; it can't be reduced based on your 6 7 financial circumstances or the fact that the victims have, or may be entitled to have, compensation from other sources. 8 9 So do you understand that as part of your guilty 10 plea you will be ordered to pay restitution to victims in this 11 case? 12 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 13 THE COURT: Okay. You are also subject to 14 forfeiture based on your guilty plea. Paragraph 6 through 13 15 of the plea agreement indicate that you consent to the 16 forfeiture of \$3,000; is that correct? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 18 THE COURT: I'm going to ask you some questions 19 about the potential immigration consequences of your guilty 20 plea because sometimes pleading guilty to a crime can have 21 implications for somebody's immigration status. 22 Are you a US citizen? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am. 24 THE COURT: Did you become a US citizen through

25

naturalization or by birth?

THE DEFENDANT: Naturalization. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. If so, if you are a US citizen 3 through naturalization, then as a result of your guilty plea, 4 you may be subject to something called denaturalization and 5 removal if it is found by an immigration court that your naturalization was procured by concealment or 6 7 misrepresentation of a material fact. 8 I'm not suggesting at all that that's the case here; 9 I'm just telling you how the law works in this area. So this would include circumstances in which an 10 11 individual procured citizenship status through a fraud. 12 Do you understand what I mean by that? 13 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 14 THE COURT: Okay. But it may also apply when an 15 individual committed an offense that demonstrates a lack of 16 good moral character within five years immediately preceding the date of filing his application for naturalization. 17 18 investigation into potential denaturalization as a result of 19 your guilty plea would be the subject of a separate proceeding not before this Court. 20 21 Are you, nevertheless, willing to plead guilty 22 despite the possible immigration consequences of doing so? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

> Denise Parisi , RPR , CRR Officia Court Reporter

In addition, because the offense to which you are

THE COURT:

Okay.

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seeking to plead guilty is a felony offense, if I accept your guilty plea, you will adjudged guilty, and such adjudication may deprive you of valuable civil rights; such as, the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, and the right to possess any kind of a firearm.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE COURT: Do you understand all of these possible consequences of your plea?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to tell you now about the sentencing guidelines.

So as I'm sure your attorney has explained to you, there are guidelines that a federal judge must follow in determining the appropriate sentence in your case. Under the Sentencing Guideline Reform Act of 1984, the United States Sentencing Commission has issued guidelines for judges to follow in determining sentence in a criminal case. These guidelines are advisory, and I will consider them, along with the particular facts and circumstances of your case, and all of the sentencing factors set forth in a federal statute; namely, 18 U.S. Code, Section 3553(a), in determining your sentence.

Mr. Denisoff, have you and your attorney discussed how the advisory sentencing guidelines might apply to your

21 1 case? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. sir. 3 THE COURT: Has the Government estimated what the 4 guidelines range is likely to be in this case? 5 MR. KEILTY: We have, Your Honor. THE COURT: And does the defense have a different 6 7 estimate? 8 MR. GOLDSOBEL: Yes, Your Honor, because, as the 9 allocution will indicate, Mr. Denisoff's participation was a very narrow period of time, and that should be the period 10 11 applicable to the guidelines calculation; but, at the same 12 time, we understand that the Government, based upon the 13 information, has given us a guidelines calculation in terms of 14 what the maximum is. I don't disagree with their guidelines 15 calculation, as far as the scope of the information; but in 16 terms of Mr. Denisoff's participation, I believe the guidelines will have a much narrower or lower offense level. 17 18 THE COURT: Okay. Are you describing a dispute of 19 fact, or are you describing just a dispute about how the guidelines should be applied in this case? 20 21 MR. GOLDSOBEL: The guidelines to be applied based 22 upon the narrow period of time in which Mr. Denisoff 23 participated in the conspiracy. 24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 MR. KEILTY: Your Honor, the defendant has not

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stipulated to the guidelines, so he's free to argue at a later date. THE COURT: Understood. Understood. So, Mr. Denisoff, what is important for you to understand here is that the Government may have one estimate of how the guidelines should apply, your attorney may have a different estimate of how the guidelines should apply, but both of those estimates -- either or both of those estimates -- could be wrong. I will not be able to determine the advisory guideline range for your case until after a Presentence Report has been prepared and you and the Government both have had an opportunity to read it and challenge the reported facts and the application of the guidelines that's put forward in that Presentence Report by the probation officer. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: I do. THE COURT: So the sentence that I impose may be different than any statistic your attorney may have given you.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE COURT: Even after determining the advisory guideline range, I have the authority in some circumstances to depart upward or downward from the advisory guideline range and will look at other sentencing factors under 18 U.S. Code

23 3553(a) that could result in a sentence that is either greater 1 2 or lesser than the advisory guidelines sentence. 3 Do you understand? 4 THE DEFENDANT: I do. THE COURT: As you sit here today, there is no 5 guarantee as to a particular guideline range. I will have to 6 7 determine that range, and I am not required to sentence you 8 within that range. 9 Do you understand? 10 THE DEFENDANT: I do Your Honor. THE COURT: 11 If the ultimate sentence I impose is 12 different than the one that you hope for or expect, you cannot 13 take your plea back. 14 Do you understand? 15 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 16 THE COURT: And you should understand that there is 17 no parole in the federal system, and if you are sentenced to a 18 prison term, you will not be released on parole. 19 Do you understand that? 20 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 21 There's also an appeal waiver. THE COURT: 22 waiving your right to appeal your sentence as part of your 23 plea today. Under some circumstances, you or the Government 24 might have the right to appeal any sentence that I impose, but 25 by entering into this plea agreement and entering a plea of

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1
    quilty, you are agreeing to waive or give up your right to
 2
    appeal or collaterally attack any part of your conviction or
    sentence, except on the basis of ineffective assistance of
 3
 4
    counsel, so long as I sentence you to 87 months or less in
    jail.
5
              Do you have any questions about the rights that you
6
7
    are giving up, the punishments you may face, the agreement,
8
    the nature of the charges, or anything else I have discussed
9
    with you now?
10
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              I do not, Your Honor.
11
              THE COURT:
                          Okay. Are you ready to plead guilty,
12
    Mr. Denisoff?
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
13
14
              THE COURT: Mr. Goldsobel, do you know of any reason
    why your client should not plead guilty?
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16
              MR. GOLDSOBEL:
                              No, Your Honor.
17
              THE COURT: Mr. Denisoff, what is your plea to the
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    charge in paragraph 1 of the information charging you with
19
    conspiracy to commit wire fraud?
20
                              I plead guilty, Your Honor.
              THE DEFENDANT:
21
              THE COURT: Are you making the plea of guilty
22
    voluntarily and of your own free will?
23
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes, sir.
24
              THE COURT: Has anyone threatened or forced you to
25
    plead guilty?
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THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Other than the agreement with the Government, has anyone made any promise that caused you to plead guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises to you -- promises -- as to what your sentence will be?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. So in federal court, the Court is not allowed to accept a plea of guilty unless the Court has a basis to conclude that the defendant is, in fact, guilty of the crime to which he or she is pleading guilty; therefore, would you explain in your own words what makes you guilty of conspiracy to commit wire fraud?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

From approximately June 2015 to December 2015, Plexious, a company in which I was an owner, purchased traffic relating to digital advertising from a company that I understood was controlled by Alex Zhukov. Zhukov contacted Plexious and offered to provide us with digital traffic. After contacting with -- contracting with Zhukov, I learned that Zhukov was using computer servers to generate fictitious traffic. Plexious paid for the fictitious traffic and sold the traffic to other firms, which in turn had relationships with advertising firms. I earned approximately \$3,000 from

26 doing business with Zhukov. 1 2 THE COURT: Does the Government have any questions 3 about the scope of the allocution? 4 MR. KEILTY: Your Honor, I would just proffer that these communications between the defendant and his 5 co-conspirators used the interstate wires. 6 7 Do you understand what the Government THE COURT: 8 just said? 9 THE DEFENDANT: No. Your Honor. THE COURT: So one of the elements of wire fraud is 10 that the interstate wires are used. That's one of the reasons 11 12 why this becomes a federal crime instead of a state crime, and 13 the Government basically said that this crime involved 14 interstate wire transmissions. 15 THE DEFENDANT: I understand. THE COURT: It could be over fiberoptic cable or 16 17 telephone wires or otherwise. 18 THE DEFENDANT: I understand that. 19 THE COURT: Do you agree? 20 THE DEFENDANT: I do. MR. KEILTY: Your Honor, I would also, if I may --21 22 THE COURT: Sure. 23 MR. KEILTY: -- with respect to venue, the 24 Government would also, at trial, prove facts that certain 25 wires passed through the Eastern District of New York.

27 THE COURT: 1 Okay. 2 Do you understand what the Government just said about venue? 3 4 THE DEFENDANT: I do. THE COURT: That's why we are here instead of in a 5 6 different federal district court. 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 8 THE COURT: Do you agree with the contention that 9 the wires involved this district? 10 MR. GOLDSOBEL: We don't have any reason to disagree with the Government that at trial the Government would be able 11 12 to establish that fact. 13 THE COURT: Understood. 14 We talked already about victim notification. I take it the Government will, before sentencing, inform any 15 16 appropriate victims of that proceeding. 17 MR. KEILTY: Yes, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Based on my observations of the 19 defendant and his demeanor in court, his answers to my 20 questions and the representations of his counsel, I find that 21 the defendant is fully competent and capable of entering an 22 informed plea, aware of the nature of the charges and the 23 consequences of the plea, and that the plea of guilty is 24 knowing and voluntary and supported by an independent basis in 25 fact containing the essential elements of the offense.

I therefore accept the plea of guilty to the charge in paragraph 1 of the information.

Mr. Denisoff, a written Presentence Report will be prepared by the probation officer to assist the Court at sentencing. The Presentence Report is a very important document and can take the Probation Department some time to prepare. There may be what feels like a gap to you in the lead-up to your sentencing where nothing seems to be happening. That may be just the case that the Probation Department is working very hard on the PSR, which is a long and complex document.

The Probation Department is an arm of the court -they do not work for the defense counsel or the Government;
they work for the Court -- and the aim of the Presentence
Report is to assist the Court in sentencing. You will be
asked to give information for the report; and, if you wish,
you can have your attorney present for any interview with the
probation officer.

Mr. Goldsobel, do you wish to be present for any interview?

MR. GOLDSOBEL: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. I understand we may be talking about something that happens relatively far off in the future.

Mr. Denisoff, you and your attorney will have an opportunity to review the Presentence Report and to file any

objections to the report before sentencing; and you and your counsel will have the opportunity to speak at the sentencing hearing. The date for sentencing is June 25th, 2020, at 10:00 a.m.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Mr. Denisoff, just a word about bail.

So bail is continued. You are required to appear for sentencing here in Courtroom 6G, 225 Cadman Plaza East in Brooklyn, New York. The failure to appear at the scheduled time and place is a criminal offense for which you could be sentenced to imprisonment.

In addition, all conditions on which you have been released up until now, absent any application from the Government, shall continue to apply; and the penalties for violating those conditions, you should know, shall be severe.

MR. GOLDSOBEL: Your Honor, this is probably a good time to give the Court a heads-up that I've been conferring with the Government regarding one of the conditions of release, which is a drug-testing condition that was imposed relating to a report of prior marijuana use before Mr. Denisoff's arrest, and that's been requiring daily phone calls. He's had testing; he's tested negative every time. Pretrial in Los Angeles does not oppose removal of the condition. I understand the Government doesn't oppose it

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             In light of communicating with Pretrial here, we are
1
    either.
 2
    going to be submitting a letter to the Court tomorrow for
    removal of that condition.
 3
 4
               THE COURT:
                           Sounds good.
               MR. GOLDSOBEL:
                               Thank you.
 5
                           Anything else from the Government?
6
               THE COURT:
                            No, Your Honor.
 7
               MR. KEILTY:
8
               Thank you.
9
               THE COURT:
                           Anything else from the defense?
                               No, Your Honor.
10
               MR. GOLDSOBEL:
11
               THE COURT:
                           Okay. Then we're adjourned.
12
               Thank you, everyone.
13
               (Matter concluded.)
14
15
16
17
    I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the
    record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
18
                                            December 7, 2020
19
         /s/ Denise Parisi
          DENISE PARISI
                                                   DATE
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